

Investor Briefing: Reiterates EBITDA margin target

QANTM Intellectual Property Ltd (ASX:QIP) owns a group of intellectual property (IP) services businesses operating under the independent brands of Davies Collision Cave (DCC), FPA Patent Attorneys and Sortify.tn. It is a major player in the mature and regulated Australian patent, trade marks and IP legal services market with ~16.2% market share (YTD FY23) in its key patents segment (68% of revenue) and a diversified mix of local and foreign clients (~45%/55% split; ~50% US\$ revenue). The **key points** from the Investor Briefing (9-May) were: (1) **Unchanged outlook commentary** (vs. 23-Feb) – i.e. QIP expects continued organic revenue growth based on current trading momentum, underlying EBITDA margin improvement, and cash conversion normalisation in H2 FY23; (2) An increased sense of urgency around **transformation programme** execution with IP management platform upgrades and redundant data centre decommissioning scheduled in coming months; (3) **Reiteration of EBITDA margin target** (low-30s medium-term vs. ~27% currently); (4) **Australian patent market share gains** (up 1.6 pts yoy to 16.2% YTD FY23), and 4.6% yoy growth (YTD FY23) in both Australian and Asian patent applications; (5) Sortify's recent Benelux launch; (6) <10% staff turnover in CY22; (7) **Competitive advantages** of depth and breadth of service offering and industry coverage, and client relationships; and (8) **Asian growth opportunities** via M&A/strategic alliances/JVs and further organic gains. Our **forecasts** remain intact. Our recent **initiation report** is available at [QANTM Intellectual Property RaaS Initiation Report 18 April 2023](#).

Business model

QIP has three core offerings: (1) Patent and trade mark attorney services (88% of service charge revenue); (2) IP-focused litigation and legal services (12% of service charge revenue); and (3) Legal technology services via Sortify's online trade marks registration platforms and tools. QIP produces ~\$97m service revenue from a diverse mix of local and foreign clients (est. ~45%/55% revenue split) with no client accounting for >2%. It has sizeable US\$ exposure (~50% of service charges vs. primarily A\$ costs). QIP generates service charges from event-driven fixed fees (est. ~55%) and hourly rate fees (est. ~45%). Patent applications trigger various workstreams that extend over several years. On the cost side, employees account for ~80% of the total. QIP's two key areas of **strategic focus** are: (1) Completing its **business transformation programme** (tech modernisation and business simplification) and subsequently realising EBITDA margin improvements (low-30s medium-term target vs. ~27% currently); and (2) **Geographic expansion** via DCC/FPA (Asia focused - medium to long-term aim for >25% of revenue from Asia vs. ~8% currently) and Sortify's trade marks platform.

Briefing Highlights: Reiterates outlook comments and targets

Investor Briefing highlights encompassed: (1) Unchanged outlook comments – QIP expects continued organic revenue growth based on current trading momentum, underlying EBITDA margin gains, and cash conversion normalisation in H2 FY23; (2) Increased sense of urgency around transformation programme execution (IP management platform upgrades and data centre decommissioning scheduled in 2023); (3) Reiteration of low-30s medium-term EBITDA margin target; (4) Australian patent market share gains (up 1.6 pts yoy to ~16.2% YTD FY23); (5) <10% staff turnover; (6) Competitive advantages of depth and breadth of service offering and industry coverage, and client relationships; and (7) Asian growth opportunities.

DCF valuation of \$1.57/share or \$217m market cap

Our QIP DCF valuation is unchanged at \$1.57/share (9.7% WACC). This implies EV/underlying EBITDA multiples of 8.7x for FY23f and 8.1x for FY24f. As a cross-reference, QIP is trading at FY24f EV/underlying EBITDA discounts of: (1) 60% to its closest peer, the ASX-listed IP services group IPH Ltd (ASX:IPH), on 11.8x (and a 56% P/E discount); and (2) 17% to a group of five UK-listed legal services firms. Meanwhile, applying the FY23f EV/EBITDA multiple implied by IPH's recent Smart & Biggar (Canadian) acquisition gives an equity value of \$1.23/share on a minority interest/portfolio basis (7.0x using a 35% control premium).

Historical earnings and RaaS estimates (in A\$m unless otherwise stated)

Year end	Revenue	EBITDA adj.*	EBITDA	NPAT	EPS adj.* (c)	P/E adj.* (x)	EV/EBITDA adj.* (x)	Dividend yield (%)
06/22a	127.3	26.3	21.6	7.1	9.3	9.1	5.3	7.6
06/23f	134.8	27.9	23.5	8.2	9.5	9.0	5.1	7.1
06/24f	139.9	29.9	28.4	12.2	11.0	7.7	4.7	8.9
06/25f	145.5	32.4	31.6	14.7	12.3	6.9	4.2	11.9

Sources: Company data; RaaS estimates for FY23f-FY25f; *Adjusted for non-recurring items

Commercial & Professional Services

22 May 2023

Share Details

ASX code	QIP
Share price (19-May-23)	\$0.85
Market capitalisation	\$118M
Shares on issue	138.6M
Net debt at 31-Dec-22	\$31.8M
Free float (inc. all vendors/ excl. non-insider vendors)	~55%/ ~74%

Share Performance (12 months)



Initiation Report

[QANTM Intellectual Property \(ASX:QIP\) RaaS Initiation Report 18 April 2023](#)

Upside Case

- Meets or exceeds target of low-30s EBITDA margins by FY26/FY27
- Uptake/expansion of Sortify's online trademarks platform exceeds expectations
- Earning-accretive M&A/expansion in Asia

Downside Case

- Lower-than-expected transformation programme benefits/EBITDA margins
- Prolonged economic downturn → R&D/innovation spend may not be insulated
- Changes to regulation (e.g. local agents)

Catalysts

- Sustained progress with EBITDA margin expansion / transformation programme benefits
- Sustained operating and free cash flow growth (as transformation programme spend ↓ and benefits ↑) leading to ↑ DPS and/or ↑ capital management opportunities
- Material accretive expansion via acquisition and/or organic growth (e.g. new offices, Sortify)

Company Contacts

Craig Dower (CEO & MD) +61 3 9254 2666
investor.relationships@qantmip.com

RaaS Contacts

Clare Porta, CFA +61 413 040 540
clare.porta@raasgroup.com
Finola Burke +61 414 354 712
finola.burke@raasgroup.com

Investor Briefing Highlights

- QIP held an Investor Briefing on 9 May 2023 where a panel comprising the seven members of its executive team presented. This note covers the key points and new information that we gleaned. Our **earnings forecasts and valuation remain intact** following the Investor Briefing.
- Our recent **initiation report** can be downloaded here [QANTM Intellectual Property \(ASX:QIP\) RaaS Initiation Report 18 April 2023](#).

Outlook commentary – Reiterated its February comments

QIP reiterated the following outlook comments from its H1 FY23 results presentation:

Exhibit 1: Outlook commentary		
	QIP's outlook comments*	RaaS comments
1. Organic revenue growth	■ <i>"Expect continued organic revenue growth, on the back of current trading momentum"</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● QIP also remarked that following a strong Q2, its businesses performed well in Q3 and are maintaining momentum into Q4 ● RaaS forecast: 4.2% organic service charge revenue growth for FY23** (est. 5.8% growth in H1 / 2.8% forecast growth in H2) ● Beneficiary of continued FX tailwinds (lower A\$/US\$) in H2 FY23
2. Market share (per patents and trade marks applications)	■ <i>"Expect continued strong market share in Australia, with further growth in Asia"</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Australian patent market share (Q1-Q3 FY23): ~16.2% (up 1.6 points on pcp) ● Australian trade mark filing rankings (Q1-Q3 FY23): Sortify #1; DCC #2
3. EBITDA margins (underlying on service revenue)	■ <i>"Expect continued margin improvement as a result of cost management and strategic initiatives"</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● H1 FY23a: 26.5% (up 0.4 points on pcp) ● RaaS forecast: 27.6% for FY23f (up 0.4 points yoy) with 28.7% for H2 (up 0.4 points yoy)
4. Cash flow/ cash conversion	■ <i>"Expect cash conversion to normalise in 2H23 due to timing of receipts and one-off costs"</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● H1 FY23a operating cash flow (OCF): \$2.2m (vs. \$7.3m in pcp) ● H1 FY23a cash conversion#: 52% (vs. 98% in pcp) ● RaaS OCF forecast: \$14.6m for FY23f (vs. \$16.0m in pcp)

Source: QIP Investor Briefing Day Presentation; *QIP made the same comments on 23 February 2023 in its H1 FY23 Results Presentation; **Adjusted for incremental Sortify revenue (acquisition effective 1 October 2021) vs. FY23f service charge revenue growth (organic and acquisition-related) of 4.6%; # Gross operating cash flow / Statutory EBITDA

- QIP also commented that despite the challenging global economic backdrop: (1) It is confident that the IP services industry will remain resilient; and (2) It is not currently aware of material reductions in client R&D budgets (which are a key driver of patent applications and work streams).

Transformation programme and low-30s EBITDA margin target

- QIP indicated there is an increased sense of urgency around the execution of its **transformation programme** which is a key catalyst for EBITDA margin expansion.
- Following the migration of its technology infrastructure to Microsoft Azure (completed in December 2022), QIP advised it is on track to deliver two key technology modernisation programme milestones in 2023, namely:
 - Completing the IP management platform upgrades (to Clarivate's latest version) at FPA (go live scheduled for late May) and DCC (go live scheduled for August).
 - The decommissioning of the now redundant data centres (scheduled to commence shortly).
- Into FY24 and FY25, there are opportunities to automate various manual processes utilising Sortify's automation expertise (following the completion of several smaller initial automation projects in FY23).

QIP also **reiterated its target of low-30s EBITDA margins** (based on service revenue) in the medium-term. Our forecasts assume a progressive increase in EBITDA margins to ~30% in FY26/FY27.

Patent and trade mark applications (Q1-Q3 FY23)

QIP disclosed some patent and trade mark applications data for the nine months to 31 March 2023 which served to highlight its year-on-year market share gains in both areas:

- **Group patent applications**¹ totalled ~7,400 for the nine months (est. 4.5% growth on pcp). Within this:
 - **Australian patent applications** (~56% of group total) were up 4.6% on the pcp (to est. 4,150 for the nine months). For Q3 FY23, we estimate applications were ~1.0% higher than the pcp (following growth of 9.8% in Q1 FY23 [reported], ~3.7% in Q2 FY23 [RaaS est.], and 6.8% in H1 FY23 [reported]).
 - **Asian patent applications** (16% of group total) also grew 4.6% relative to the pcp (to est. ~1,200) as the 21% increase in Q3 FY23 offset flat filings in H1 FY23.
 - **Rest of World** (i.e. local clients filing overseas – primarily in US and Europe) **and Patent Cooperation Treaty (PCT) applications** growth was ~4.3% (RaaS est.) for the nine months (reflecting 9.8% yoy growth in H1 FY23 [reported] and an ~8% decline in Q3 [RaaS est.]).
- QIP's **Australian patent market share** was ~16.2% for the nine months representing a 1.6 point increase on the pcp.

Exhibit 2: QIP's Australian patent market share data (based on patent applications for DCC and FPA)

	FY21	H1 FY22	Q1-Q3 FY22	Q4 FY22	FY22	Q1 FY23	Q2 FY23	H1 FY23	Q3 FY23	Q1-Q3 FY23
Australian patent applications market share	15.8%	14.8%	14.6%	16.7%	15.0%	15.9%	17.0%	16.5%	15.7%*	16.2%
Change on pcp (pts)	+1.1	(0.2)	n.d.	n.d.	(0.8)	n.d.	n.d.	+1.7	n.d.	+1.6

Source: QIP announcements; *RaaS estimate for Q3 FY23

- **Group trade mark applications** grew 1.6% on the pcp (to ~4,500 for the nine months to 31 March 2023). Within this, **Australian trade mark applications** were up 1.4% yoy (to est. 2,550 or 57% of the total) as Sortify's full nine-month contribution (vs. six months in the pcp) counteracted the decline in DCC's filings (down ~25% [RaaS est.] for the nine months). DCC's performance was broadly akin to the 20% decrease for the top-10 Australian agents, and attributable to demanding comparables and slower economic conditions/new business registrations. Alternatively, Sortify's Australian filings grew by ~5% (RaaS est.) relative to Q1-Q3 FY22 which reflected its market share gains as it became the #1 filer.

Sortify – Recent Benelux trade mark registration platform launch

- In Q3 FY23, Sortify's trade mark filing rankings were #1 in Australia, #2 in New Zealand, and #13 in the larger UK market. In Singapore (launched June 2022), it was the #10 filer in April 2023.
- Turning to Sortify's further international expansion:
- It launched its Benelux online trade marks registration platform (www.trademarksonline.be/) in April 2023.² The Benelux market size is broadly akin to New Zealand and Singapore (with ~26k trade marks applications in CY20 and CY21 vs. ~30k in both New Zealand and Singapore in CY21).
- Another launch in an Asian country is scheduled in the coming months.

Staff (~80% of underlying costs)

- QIP currently has ~380 staff (vs. 382 staff at 30 June 2022).

¹ Patent applications are a lead indicator of future patent service charges, whilst also typically generating ~15%-20% of patent service charges and providing a proxy for market share. QIP has previously cautioned that applications filings can fluctuate on a quarterly and/or half yearly basis due to filing timing issues.

² Benelux trade marks are registered via the Benelux Organisation for Intellectual Property (BOIP) and provide protection in three countries - Belgium, the Netherlands, and Luxembourg - under the Benelux Convention on Intellectual Property.

- It experienced <10% **staff turnover** in 2022 (CY) across its operating businesses. This was broadly in line with the ~8% turnover rate in FY21.

Competitive positioning

QIP emphasised two attributes in relation to its competitive positioning in the IP services market:

- Its **depth and breadth of service offering and industry coverage** (i.e. full specialist IP services offering and multi-disciplinary capabilities) which facilitates diversified client engagement opportunities. For instance, it regularly drafts patent applications and advises on patent portfolios that span several disciplines (e.g. engineering, chemistry and technology).
- **Client relationships** (DCC and FPA) which encompass: (1) Long-standing, returning clients generating repeat revenue streams; and (2) Newer clients in emerging growth areas (e.g. life sciences, quantum computing, AI) and in China (with est. 40% growth in DCC's inbound work from China in FY23).
- Current clients include Apple, Silicon Quantum Computing (SQC), Gilead, Canva, Atlassian, Fortescue Metals, Fortescue Future Industries, and WearOptimo.
- QIP also noted that: (1) Its client base is a staff recruitment and retention drawcard; and (2) Although patent application drafting for local clients is a lower margin revenue stream, it tends to forge strong relationships and recurring work streams/engagements.

Asian growth opportunities - M&A and organic

QIP stated that it aims to increase Asian revenue from ~8% currently to 20%-25% over time (which is broadly consistent with its FY22 Annual Report comment [$>25\%$ of group revenue in the medium to longer term]).

- **M&A:** It continues to explore a *"pipeline of targeted M&A opportunities, plus strategic alliances, that meet our selection criteria"* in Asia. We note that:
 - In addition to acquisitions, expansion activity could encompass strategic alliances and joint ventures.
 - QIP flagged its interest in Thailand, Indonesia, India, and Vietnam.
 - It has a \$36m (US\$25.5m) debt facility for acquisition funding of which \$24m is currently available to be drawn. QIP is not currently considering any opportunities that would require $>\$24m$ debt funding (i.e. the current pipeline comprises smaller, non-transformational potential transactions).
- **Organic:** QIP will also consider opening additional offices in Asia (following the relatively recent opening of DCC's Hong Kong office in August 2022). It highlighted:
 - The organic growth that both FPA and DCC have experienced to date in the region. For instance, FPA's Asian revenue has grown from 3.4% to 10.1% of FPA's total revenue over the past five years (after its Singapore office opened in 2018).
 - The significant patent filing activity of Singaporean scientific and research institutions which presents a further potential organic growth opportunity in this jurisdiction.

Exhibit 3: Financial Summary

QANTM Intellectual Property Ltd						Share price (19 May 2023)						A\$ 0.85				
Profit and Loss (A\$m)						Half yearly (A\$m)										
Y/E 30 June	FY21a	FY22a	FY23f	FY24f	FY25f	H1 FY21a	H2 FY21a	H1 FY22a	H2 FY22a	H1 FY23a	H2 FY23f					
Service charge revenue	92.4	96.6	101.0	105.4	110.0	46.6	45.8	48.9	47.7	52.0	49.0					
Associate revenue	26.7	30.7	33.8	34.5	35.5	12.8	10.9	10.5	11.1	11.2	12.2					
Total revenue	119.1	127.3	134.8	139.9	145.5	EBITDA - statutory	13.5	12.6	12.8	13.5	13.8	14.1				
Other income	1.9	3.2	2.1	2.1	2.2	EBIT - statutory	9.1	7.3	6.2	7.2	6.9	8.4				
Recoverable expenses	(25.4)	(29.3)	(31.6)	(32.4)	(33.5)	NPAT - statutory	6.0	4.4	3.4	3.7	3.4	4.9				
Net revenue	95.6	101.2	105.4	109.6	114.2	NPAT - underlying	7.1	6.4	6.5	6.3	6.7	6.4				
EBITDA - statutory	23.7	21.6	23.5	28.4	31.6	EPS (reported)	4.4	3.3	2.5	2.8	2.5	3.5				
EBITDA - underlying	26.1	26.3	27.9	29.9	32.4	EPS (underlying)	5.2	4.7	4.7	4.6	4.8	4.6				
Depreciation	(0.9)	(1.1)	(1.2)	(1.2)	(0.9)	Dividend (cps)	4.0	3.4	3.0	3.5	2.8	3.2				
Amort (intang & leases)	(6.4)	(7.1)	(7.1)	(6.7)	(6.6)	Operating cash flow	9.2	10.6	7.3	8.7	2.2	12.4				
EBIT	16.4	13.4	15.2	20.5	24.1	Free Cash flow	8.0	10.2	6.8	8.3	(0.1)	11.9				
Interest	(1.6)	(2.4)	(3.5)	(3.1)	(3.1)	Segments (half yearly)	H1 FY21a	H2 FY21a	H1 FY22a	H2 FY22a	H1 FY23a	H2 FY23f				
Tax	(4.4)	(3.9)	(3.5)	(5.2)	(6.3)	Patents	31.9	32.3	33.5	31.5	35.4	32.8				
NPAT - statutory	10.4	7.1	8.2	12.2	14.6	Trade Marks	7.9	7.9	9.5	10.3	10.4	10.2				
NPAT - underlying	13.5	12.8	13.1	15.3	17.2	Legal Services	6.8	5.5	5.7	6.0	6.2	6.1				
Cash flow (A\$m)						Service charge revenue	46.6	45.8	48.9	47.7	52.0	49.0				
Y/E 30 June	FY21a	FY22a	FY23f	FY24f	FY25f	Associate revenue	12.0	14.8	13.8	16.9	16.6	17.1				
EBITDA - statutory	23.7	21.6	23.5	28.4	31.6	Total revenue	58.6	60.5	62.7	64.6	68.6	66.2				
Interest	(0.9)	(1.7)	(2.8)	(2.5)	(2.4)	Other income	1.0	0.9	1.1	2.1	1.2	1.0				
Tax payments	(5.4)	(4.6)	(4.0)	(5.2)	(6.3)	Recoverable expenses	(11.3)	(14.0)	(13.1)	(16.1)	(15.7)	(15.8)				
Working capital chgs	2.5	0.7	(2.2)	(1.4)	(1.6)	Net revenue	48.2	47.4	50.6	50.6	54.1	51.3				
Operating cash flow	19.8	16.0	14.6	19.3	21.3	Employment	(28.5)	(28.9)	(31.3)	(28.9)	(32.7)	(29.6)				
Capex	(0.8)	(0.5)	(2.2)	(0.9)	(0.9)	Technology	(2.2)	(3.3)	(3.7)	(4.4)	(3.9)	(3.7)				
Capitalised dev costs	(0.8)	(0.4)	(0.5)	(0.6)	(0.6)	Occupancy	(1.0)	(0.9)	(1.1)	(1.0)	(0.9)	(1.1)				
Free cash flow	18.2	15.1	11.9	17.9	19.8	Other costs	(3.7)	(3.4)	(4.1)	(5.2)	(5.3)	(4.5)				
Acquisitions	(0.7)	(6.7)	(0.5)	(0.5)	0.0	EBITDA - statutory	12.8	10.9	10.5	11.1	11.2	12.3				
Acq'n related costs	(0.4)	(1.1)	(0.1)	0.0	0.0	EBITDA - underlying	13.5	12.6	12.8	13.5	13.8	14.1				
Cash flow pre financing	17.1	7.3	11.2	17.4	19.8	Growth, Margins, Leverage, Returns						FY21a	FY22a	FY23f	FY24f	FY25f
Equity	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Service charge rev growth		2.3%	4.6%	4.6%	4.3%	4.3%				
Borrowings (net)	(1.8)	8.2	1.9	(1.5)	(3.5)	Total revenue growth		2.2%	6.9%	5.9%	3.8%	4.0%				
Other financing (leases)	(5.2)	(5.0)	(4.0)	(3.8)	(3.8)	EBITDA margin (underly/service charge)		28.3%	27.2%	27.6%	28.3%	29.4%				
Dividends paid	(10.5)	(8.7)	(8.7)	(9.9)	(12.1)	EBITDA margin (underly/total rev)		21.9%	20.7%	20.7%	21.3%	22.2%				
Net cash flow	(0.4)	1.7	0.5	2.2	0.4	EBITDA margin (stat/service charge)		25.7%	22.3%	23.2%	26.9%	28.7%				
Balance sheet (A\$m)						EBIT margin (stat/total revenue)		13.8%	10.5%	11.2%	14.6%	16.5%				
Y/E 30 June	FY21a	FY22a	FY23f	FY24f	FY25f	NPAT margin (stat/service charge)		11.2%	7.4%	8.1%	11.6%	13.3%				
Cash	5.7	7.4	7.9	10.1	10.5	Net Debt		16.1	23.8	25.6	21.9	17.9				
Accounts receivable	36.9	38.2	40.5	41.8	43.1	Net debt/underlying EBITDA (x)		0.6	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.6				
Other current assets	2.3	2.6	3.1	3.1	3.1	ND/ND+Equity (%)		18.1%	24.8%	26.0%	22.4%	18.6%				
Total current assets	44.9	48.2	51.5	55.0	56.7	EBIT interest cover (x)		10.2	5.7	4.4	6.7	7.8				
PPE	2.3	1.6	2.6	2.3	2.3	ROA		12.2%	9.6%	10.6%	14.2%	16.6%				
Goodwill	48.8	54.8	54.8	54.8	54.8	ROE		14.3%	9.9%	11.3%	16.4%	19.0%				
Intangibles	25.9	29.4	26.2	23.2	20.3	NTA (per share)		(1.3)	(9.0)	(6.0)	(1.5)	2.4				
Other non current assets	13.2	8.7	8.0	10.9	9.7	Working capital		23.3	24.0	27.0	27.7	28.6				
Total non current assets	90.2	94.6	91.7	91.2	87.2	WC/Sales (%)		19.6%	18.9%	20.0%	19.8%	19.7%				
Total Assets	135.0	142.8	143.2	146.2	143.9	Pricing						FY21a	FY22a	FY23f	FY24f	FY25f
Accounts payable	13.5	14.1	13.6	14.1	14.5	No of shares (y/e)	(m)	136	137	139	140	140				
Current debt	2.0	3.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	Weighted Av Dil Shares	(m)	136	139	140	141	141				
Lease liabilities (current)	4.5	3.6	3.2	2.9	2.9	EPS (statutory)	cps	7.7	5.3	5.9	8.7	10.6				
Other curr liab (inc AL prov)	8.5	9.5	9.9	8.5	8.5	EPS (underlying)	cps	9.9	9.3	9.5	11.0	12.3				
Total current liabilities	28.5	30.9	28.1	26.9	27.3	EPS growth (statutory)		7.4%	(31.1%)	10.9%	47.6%	20.8%				
Non-current debt	19.9	27.6	32.0	30.5	27.0	EPS growth (underlying)		(4.8%)	(6.2%)	1.6%	15.9%	12.3%				
Other non current liabs	13.8	12.4	10.3	12.8	11.1	PE (x) - statutory		11.1	16.1	14.3	9.7	8.0				
Total long term liabilities	33.7	39.9	42.3	43.3	38.0	PE (x) - underlying		8.6	9.1	9.0	7.7	6.9				
Total Liabilities	62.2	70.8	70.4	70.3	65.4	DPS	cps	7.4	6.5	6.0	7.6	10.1				
Net Assets	72.8	71.9	72.7	75.9	78.5	DPS Growth		4%	(12%)	(8%)	27%	33%				
Share capital	297.4	298.9	300.1	301.0	301.0	Dividend yield		8.7%	7.6%	7.1%	8.9%	11.9%				
Retained earnings	(1.9)	(3.4)	(3.8)	(1.5)	1.1	Dividend imputation		100%	100%	100%	100%	100%				
Reserves	(222.4)	(223.2)	(223.2)	(223.2)	(223.2)	EV/EBITDA (x) - underlying		5.0	5.3	5.1	4.7	4.2				
Minorities	(0.3)	(0.4)	(0.4)	(0.4)	(0.4)	FCF/Share	cps	13.4	10.9	8.5	12.7	14.1				
Total Shareholder funds	72.8	71.9	72.7	75.9	78.5	Price/FCF share (x)		6.4	7.8	10.0	6.7	6.0				
						Free cash flow Yield		15.7%	12.8%	10.0%	15.0%	16.6%				

Sources: Company data, RaaS Advisory estimates

FINANCIAL SERVICES GUIDE

RaaS Advisory Pty Ltd

ABN 99 614 783 363

Corporate Authorised Representative, number 1248415

of

BR SECURITIES AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

ABN 92 168 734 530

AFSL 456663

Effective Date: 6th May 2021

About Us

BR Securities Australia Pty Ltd (BR) is the holder of Australian Financial Services License (“AFSL”) number 456663. RaaS Advisory Pty Ltd (RaaS) is an Authorised Representative (number 1248415) of BR.

This Financial Service Guide (FSG) is designed to assist you in deciding whether to use RaaS’s services and includes such things as

- who we are
- our services
- how we transact with you
- how we are paid, and
- complaint processes

Contact Details, BR and RaaS

BR Head Office: Suite 5GB, Level 5, 33 Queen Street, Brisbane, QLD, 4000

RaaS. 20 Halls Road Arcadia, NSW 2159

P: +61 414 354712

E: finola.burke@raasgroup.com

RaaS is the entity providing the authorised AFSL services to you as a retail or wholesale client.

What Financial Services are we authorised to provide? RaaS is authorised to

- provide general advice to retail and wholesale clients in relation to
 - Securities
- deal on behalf of retail and wholesale clients in relation to
 - Securities

The distribution of this FSG by RaaS is authorized by BR.

Our general advice service

Please note that any advice given by RaaS is general advice, as the information or advice given will not take into account your particular objectives, financial situation or needs. You should, before acting on the advice, consider the appropriateness of the advice, having regard to your objectives, financial situation and needs. If our advice relates to the acquisition, or possible acquisition, of a particular financial product you should read any relevant Prospectus, Product Disclosure Statement or like instrument. As we only provide general advice we will not be providing a Statement of Advice. We will provide you with recommendations on securities

Our dealing service

RaaS can arrange for you to invest in securities issued under a prospectus by firstly sending you the offer document and then assisting you fill out the application form if needed.

How are we paid?

RaaS earns fees for producing research reports. Sometimes these fees are from companies for producing research reports and/or a financial model. When the fee is derived from a company, this is clearly highlighted on the front page of the report and in the disclaimers and disclosures section of the report.

We may also receive a fee for our dealing service, from the company issuing the securities.

Associations and Relationships

BR, RaaS, its directors and related parties have no associations or relationships with any product issuers other than when advising retail clients to invest in managed funds when the managers of these funds may also be clients of BR. RaaS’s representatives may from time to time deal in or otherwise have a financial interest in financial products recommended to you but any material ownership will be disclosed to you when relevant advice is provided.

Complaints

If you have a complaint about our service you should contact your representative and tell them about your complaint. The representative will follow BR’s internal dispute resolution policy, which includes sending you a copy of the policy when required to. If you aren’t satisfied with an outcome, you may contact AFCA, see below. BR is a member of the Australian Financial Complaints Authority (AFCA). AFCA provide fair and independent financial services complaint resolution that is free to consumers.

Website: www.afca.org.au; Email: info@afca.org.au; Telephone: 1800931678 (free call)

In writing to: Australian Financial Complaints Authority, GPO Box 3, Melbourne, VIC, 3001.

Professional Indemnity Insurance

BR has in place Professional Indemnity Insurance which satisfies the requirements for compensation under s912B of the Corporations Act and that covers our authorised representatives.

DISCLAIMERS and DISCLOSURES

This report has been commissioned by QANTM Intellectual Property Ltd and prepared and issued by RaaS Advisory Pty Ltd. RaaS Advisory has been paid a fee to prepare this report. RaaS Advisory's principals, employees and associates may hold shares in companies that are covered and, if so, this will be clearly stated on the front page of each report. This research is issued in Australia by RaaS Advisory and any access to it should be read in conjunction with the Financial Services Guide on the preceding two pages. All information used in the publication of this report has been compiled from publicly available sources that are believed to be reliable. Opinions contained in this report represent those of the principals of RaaS Advisory at the time of publication. RaaS Advisory provides this financial advice as an honest and reasonable opinion held at a point in time about an investment's risk profile and merit and the information is provided by the RaaS Advisory in good faith. The views of the adviser(s) do not necessarily reflect the views of the AFS Licensee. RaaS Advisory has no obligation to update the opinion unless RaaS Advisory is currently contracted to provide such an updated opinion. RaaS Advisory does not warrant the accuracy of any information it sources from others. All statements as to future matters are not guaranteed to be accurate and any statements as to past performance do not represent future performance.

Assessment of risk can be subjective. Portfolios of equity investments need to be well diversified and the risk appropriate for the investor. Equity investments in listed or unlisted companies yet to achieve a profit or with an equity value less than \$50 million should collectively be a small component of a balanced portfolio, with smaller individual investment sizes than otherwise.

The science of climate change is common knowledge and its impacts may damage the global economy. Mitigating climate change may also disrupt the global economy. Investors need to make their own assessments and we disclaim any liability for the impact of either climate change or mitigating strategies on any investment we recommend.

Investors are responsible for their own investment decisions, unless a contract stipulates otherwise. RaaS Advisory does not stand behind the capital value or performance of any investment. Subject to any terms implied by law and which cannot be excluded, RaaS Advisory shall not be liable for any errors, omissions, defects or misrepresentations in the information (including by reasons of negligence, negligent misstatement or otherwise) or for any loss or damage (whether direct or indirect) suffered by persons who use or rely on the information. If any law prohibits the exclusion of such liability, RaaS Advisory limits its liability to the re-supply of the Information, provided that such limitation is permitted by law and is fair and reasonable.

Copyright 2023 RaaS Advisory Pty Ltd (A.B.N. 99 614 783 363). All rights reserved.